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MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE.

The House, on the 28th, after a third trial passed the bill amending the charter of the Michigan Central railroad so as to bring it under the provisions of the general highway act in the matter of taxation. The House Committee on Municipal Corporations has reported favorably upon the bill introduced by Mr. Biddle, which proposed a bill amending the Liquor Tax-law. The Governor has vetoed Keldner's amendment which included mortgages part of their capital stock because they were exempt from taxation. He also declared certificates that mortgages are first liens upon the property.

On May 29th the Senate agreed to the Railroad Bill, compelling all roads to run at least one passenger train each way per day, except on the Detroit & Lake Huron road, and to provide for yardage less than six hours twelve jumps in different cases in courts of record, and to provide for the payment of damages by railroads in Justice Courts; Senate bill to provide for the organization of normal departments in all chartered colleges in this State; Finance committee report to the Board of Fish Commission; House bill to provide for compulsory education and graduation in the State; Finance committee report to the Board of Fish Commission; House bill to regulate the practice of dentistry in the State; Finance committee report to the Board of Fish Commission; House bill to regulate freight on all railroads in the State, and to limit the rate of charges for express companies; the bill to appoint a State agent for discharge complete, and adjourned over until Thursday July following.

Ten Senate, on the 31st ult., passed the following Senate bills: To amend the charter of the city of Ypsilanti; House bill to provide for lottery fees for the foreclosure of real-estate mortgages, and Senate bill to secure equal distribution of State property among creditors. The House passed the bill relative to criminal proceedings before Justices; Senate bill to prevent the sale of Decatur land; bill providing for preemptory challenges of jurors.

Health in Michigan.

Reports to the State Board of Health Lansing, by observers of diseases in different parts of the State, show the principal diseases which caused most sickness in Michigan during the week ending May 19, 1883, as follows:

Number of observers heard from, 61.

Diseases that observed or threatened. by various localities.	No. of observers who reported them.	No. of cases re- ported.
1 Intermittent fever.....	73	74
2 Neuralgia.....	17	19
3 Consumption.....	17	17
4 Rheumatism.....	16	16
5 Typhoid fever.....	15	15
6 Measles.....	15	15
7 Consumption of lungs.....	15	15
8 Typhus exanthematicus.....	15	15
9 Pneumonia.....	15	15
10 Erysipelas.....	15	15
11 Diarrhea.....	15	15
12 Cholera morbus.....	15	15
13 Diptheria.....	15	15
14 Scarlet fever.....	15	15
15 Typhoid fever.....	15	15
16 Inflammation of bowels.....	15	15
17 Whooping-cough.....	15	15
18 Typhoid fever.....	15	15
19 Mumps.....	15	15
20 Intumescence of brain.....	15	15
21 Enteritis.....	15	15
22 Cholera morbus.....	15	15
23 Typhoid fever.....	15	15
24 Typhoid fever.....	15	15
25 Cerebro-spinal meningitis.....	15	15
26 Typhoid fever.....	15	15
27 Diabetes.....	15	15
28 Cholera infantum.....	15	15

For the week ending May 19, 1883, the reports indicate that measles increased and erysipelas decreased in area of prevalence.

At the State Capitol the prevailing winds, during the week ending May 12, were southeast; and, compared with the preceding week, the temperature was higher, the alcohol humidity greater, the relative humidity and shade and night-cooler less.

Including reports by regular observers-and-by others, diptheria was reported present during the week ending May 19, and since, at seventeen places scarlet fever at eighteen places and measles at thirty-six places. One case of small-pox was reported at Detroit May 19.

HENRY B. BAKER, Sec'y.

The Waiter with the Bad Memory.

Next to a wasteful cook, the most undesirable employe in a hotel is the waiter with a bad memory. A guest sits down to dinner, reads over the bill of fare, decides what he will eat, calls for it, asks the waiter to get it. The waiter writes a bad memory ledger, his wife says "Yes, sir," to every item which is called for immediately, and goes into the kitchen to return with something nine times out of ten the man brings back an assortment of articles the very opposite of what was ordered; dish enough for two or three people, and generally asks if that is what is wanted. The guest takes an inventory of what is before him, loses his appetite at the thought, gets angry, orders half the things away again, explains to the head waiter, receives little if any satisfaction, eats what is left before him, gets indigestion and curses the hotel. The miscellaneous dishes taken away by the waiter are some of those wasted and others served half cold to another guest, and thus more bad feeling is stirred up. The waiter all the time smiles, which makes the victim madder than ever. The good waiter would write a card saying "Here when I hear the word 'dinner' the clerk knows the essence of politeness on presenting the bill, and the politeness is not appreciated. The proprietor says "Good by" to a guest, who does not respond shakes a hand; the grasp of which is not hearty, yet no promise to return again," and remarks, after his patron has departed, that "Mr. — appeared to be a little annoyed at something." And all this is occasioned by the stupidity and carelessness of the waiter with a bad memory. Therefore we say, away with him.—National Hotel Reporter.

What Trout Like.

The popular opinion lies always been that trout prefer worms to any other food, but it is a mistaken idea; flies are their favorite diet. They do not gain much flesh until the warm spring weather brings forth the many varieties of flies that swarm on the waters. The experiment of feeding trout on different kinds of food has been tried. Those fed entirely on flies were decidedly better in appearance and taste; next came those fed on minnows, and the poorest were those fed entirely on earthworms. In a few favored streams they find the fresh-water shrimp, and where these abound they seem to thrive and grow very fat. The angler will find, therefore, if he can wait until the time when the flies and grasshoppers are plenty, that his trout are much handsomer, larger and in better condition than early in the season.—Wakarusa Halibut, is—Burlington Hawk-

Bismarck's Soft-Belliedness.

Prince Bismarck is a red-hot enemy of viticultural enthusiasts who pursue the practices. He can't see to see a chloroformed dog cut up with a keen-edged scalpel, in the interest of medical science, but he will plant a ten-gun battery on a hill and send 5,000 pounds of rusty iron into a military congregation of Frenchmen any time, in the interest of German geography. Soft-hearted fellows, these animal philanthropists.—Burlington Hawk-

Diseases in Order of Greatest Area of Prevalence.	Percent of total population affected.	Prevalence per 100,000 population.
1. Intermittent fever	77	74
2. Nephritis	71	68
3. Rheumatism	69	67
4. Bronchitis	69	67
5. Malaria	69	67
6. Consumption of lungs	64	63
7. Tonsillitis	64	63
8. Pneumonia	61	59
9. Radiculitis	49	47
10. Hemifacial fever	46	46
11. Diarrhea	36	36
12. Erysipelas	36	36
13. Diptheria	23	21
14. Scarlat fever	23	21
15. Typho-unilateral fever	23	21
16. Inflammation of bowels	20	20
17. Whooping-cough	13	13
18. Measles	13	13
19. Mumps	13	13
20. Inflammation of brain	13	13
21. Membranous croup	13	13
22. Cholera morbus	8	8
23. Typhus fever	8	10
24. Typhoid fever	8	10
25. Cerebro-spinal meningitis	7	9
26. Bright's disease	7	9
27. Diabetes	3	3

—Statues of the Vign Mambooth brothers were unveiled at Berlin. They are erected opposite the university.

—A tavern attack in a Vienna suburb, between soldiers and civilians, resulted in the serious wounding of forty persons.

—Alphonse Dan, of the novelist, and Delphin a writer, fought a duel in a Parisian suburb. The latter was wounded.

—Abd-el-Kader, who died in Algiers a few days ago, was at one time one of the foremost men of the earth. He gathered about him the warring tribes of Algeria, and, constituting a kind of a leader, maintained a struggle of seventeen years' duration against the best army the Government of France could enlist. Although he was unsuccessful in the modern art of battle, he successfully engaged and held at bay 100,000 admirably drilled French zouaves and compelled the Parisian authorities to expend over \$300,000,000 to compass his defeat. Even at the last his surrender was only secured by treachery. Marshal MacMahon, who won his spurs in the African war, once said that Abd-el-Kader possessed more of the spirit of a General than any soldier he had ever fought.

—Four members of the Black Hand Society at Terce, Spain, have been sentenced to death for murder.

—France disclaims any intention of annexing Tonkin, the projected expedition being undertaken merely for the purpose of upholding treaty rights.

—Hostilities between France and Tonkin are not expected to open until July.

—The Vatican has determined to compose a planary council for the United States for a date not far distant.

—Cardinal Meucci at Rome, that the contraband known as Peter's pence have fallen off in such a marked degree during the past few months that it will be necessary to issue a circular letter to the Bishops calling upon them to use special efforts to secure a revival of interest in this fund.

—A Rome journal says the negotiations between Prussia and the Vatican have failed.

—A boat filled with workmen captured at Oleggio, near Milan city, and twenty-two men were drowned.

—A Paris journal alleges that Russia is stimulating a contest of British India, in which she has the approval of France, in consequence of Great Britain's intending to occupy Egypt.

FINANCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL.

—Thaddeus Davison & Co., ink manufacturers, of New York, have made an assignment, which preferences amounting to \$24,000.

—United States Treasurer Wyman has issued a circular informing bankers that hereinafter will be required to pay express charges upon currency sent for redemption. This is made necessary by the fact that the last Congress declined to make appropriation for this purpose.

—A compromise was effected the other day between the Chicago bricklayers and their employers, by which a strike that had lasted for two months was brought to an end. The basis of the agreement between the masters and the employees is 30 cents per hour for competent workmen, "knobs" whose services are not worth so much being deemed as working under instructions, and what their labor is actually entitled to. It was further stipulated that in January of each year employees representing the bricklayers' union and the Master Masons Association shall meet and determine the wages to be paid during the ensuing season. Should they fail to agree any Judge of the United States Court or other disinterested party can be called in to give the casting vote, which shall be accepted as binding by both parties.

—Two hundred mechanics have been discharged from the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway Company's shops in West Milwaukee, on account of the prospect of falling off in traffic, caused by the shortness of the grain crop.

—Car shops for the entire Gould system of railways are to be established at Palestine, Texas.

—There will be no strike of iron-workers at Pittsburgh. A dispatch from that city says: "The conference of the iron manufacturers and Amalgamated Association committees resulted in the manufacturers signing a year's contract of \$17,000,000 for puddling. This action happily averted a strike. The manufacturers, who have all along promised that they would not pay more than \$5, and who were supposed to have a solid front, give as a reason for their unexpected action that they had positive information that a number of Western mills had made arrangements to continue at the old scale, with the condition that if the manufacturers were successful the workmen would accept the new wages, and rather than submit to decide their trade going to other places, decided to pay the wages demanded by the Amalgamated Association. President Jarrett of the latter, says the scale was signed unconditionally, and characterizes it as a victory without a battle. Intense satisfaction is expressed at this and "peace at last" sentiment." This reticence applies to all the mills in West Virginia, Youngstown and Cleveland.

PERSONAL.

—Mrs. R. M. Bishop, wife of ex-Gov. Denio of Ohio, died at Cincinnati.

—Ex-Chief Justice George Sharwood, Pennsylvania, died at Philadelphia, aged 82.

—Benjamin Bunker, grandson of the owner of Dunker Hill, where the famous lake was fought, died at Norwich, N. Y., aged years.

—A bill making twelve hours a day's labor for street-car companies' employees was defeated in the Pennsylvania House.

—Capt. James Sanderson, one of the commanders of the navigation of the upper lake died at Milwaukee, aged 83 years.

—The Hon. David Davis and his bride returned to their home at Bloomington.

—Ex-Senator Conkling, went to New City last week to argue a case before Justice of the United States Supreme Court, regarding the validity of the anti-Oleomargarine law of Missouri. Mr. Conkling's counsel for the manufacturers of the imitation butter.

—James T. Rapier, who represented Alabama district in the Forty-fourth Forty-fifth Congress, died at Montgomery of consumption, aged 43 years.

—Mark Twain has had his latest publication copyrighted in Canada.

—Gen. G. P. Buell, U. S. A., died at Newville last week.

POLITICAL.

—Ex-Gov. R. Gratz Brown, of Missouri who tried to run with Grover, is at Wash-

the Internal Revenue Bureau, and was much relieved to learn that the proposed consolidation did not affect Michigan. There is strong pressure from politicians to postpone the consolidation until after the next elections. The move may succeed.

—The New York Herald carries a letter from Mr. M. H. Mulvey by Senator Bayard, which he says: "Anything like license or the appearance of license or trick, in dealing with such an issue as the tariff for revenue or tariff for protection by certain classes of our citizens will weaken the party resorting to it. I know of no position more impracticable and upon which it is more important for the Democratic party to form its line than that public property cannot be taken for a private line without consent."

—The bill to increase a tax of 1 mill per gallon on petroleum exported from the State has been defeated in the Pennsylvania Legislature.

—Silas W. Burd, ex-Naval Officer of New York, explains his acceptance of the office of Examiner of the State Civil-Service Commission, by the allegation that his selection by the President was not made in good faith, but, coupled with the appointment of Surgeon Graham to the position of Naval Officer, amounted to an insult.

GENERAL

—Touching the recent battle between the militia and striking miners near Collinsville, Ill., a dispatch from that place gives these further particulars:—As Deputy Sheriff Anthony addressed the strikers, he was told by the deputies that the strikers had come to no trouble, but to say they had complied with a shot was fired at him from the bill, which could no more than he drew a revolver and fired at the spot where it came. A general fusillade from the mob followed, and a soldier, getting out of the line, dropped with a bullet through his knee. Deputy Sheriff Anthony asked Col. Barkley to give the troops an order to fire, which he did, and the militia poured a volley into the strikers. The mob then broke and returned to the fire, when a woman struck the strikers through the gutties and revives. The exact number wounded could not be learned.

—Forty-six of the mob were captured and are guarded at Edwardsville by Company F. The following list of casualties is authentic: Fred Hoffmeister, glassblower, killed—shot through the head; William Starkey, shot through the head and hip; Will die; James Blanchard, wounded in the side, dangerously; Martin Cartell, wounded slightly in the leg; Elmer Jones, shot through the leg; one of the militia shot through the fleshy part of the leg, no danger. Those that were arrested were removed to the county seat, Belleville, where, having been examined on the charge of riot, they were put under bond to appear for trial. The towns were filled with sympathizers with the prisoners, and after the latter had been released they were taken through the courtesy of friends and carried upon the Short House rail, where they were cheered as heroes.

—Wherever the weather was propitious Decoration day was observed at the North by the sanctifying of the graves of those who fell in the War of the Rebellion. There were exercises of a particularly noteworthy character at Washington and Annapolis, the ex-Confederates uniting at the latter place with those who were the line. In many localities the outdoor observances of the day were hindered by rain.

—The single skull race of three miles between Hamlin and Kennedy at Boston, was won by the former by twenty lengths; Hamlin 19 minutes and 4 seconds.

—The New York Overseers, of Harvard University, returned by a vote of 14-12, in favor of the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws upon Gov. Butler. It is said Butler would have declined the honor if it had been tendered him.

—The law against the importation of American pork into France is not being rigidly enforced, and shipments are being made from New York to Marseilles.

FIRES AND CASUALTIES.

—A tornado in two sections caused havoc in a section of Indiana, just south of St. Haute. The greatest havoc was wrought at Clay City, where twelve persons are said to have been killed and a large number hurt, while many buildings were wrecked. Nearly mill seven people were killed and several injured. Much damage was done to farm property and in some villages, Shelby county, and across the line into Ohio, considerable loss of life and property sustained considerable injury. Eight men took shelter under a bridge to escape. One died at Neal's mill, and the structure going down before the blast, the men and team and wagon were hurled into the water. Six or seven of the party were either killed or fatally injured. At Denmark postoffice, a barn about three miles east of Clay City, there were nine persons gathered in the house when John Corley, the owner, was killed by a cloud with the lightning from above, and he was killed. The lighter clouds were below, rolling up in front, backward over the high mountain was a terrible sight. They started for cellar. Four of them reached this place safely, while five who had not been able to get into the cellar before the cloud struck the house were killed in the week that followed. The house was torn to pieces, and the five persons were carried with the debris, being struck by the lightning and caught in the trunk of a lamp. At the same place, a house of many number of houses being blown to pieces among which were a church and a school. The wife of Dr. Williams was killed and her child annihilated, no trace of having been discovered. At Patric, a large number of dwellings were wrecked and several people injured, no fatalities. In the vicinity of Greensburg, a great damage was inflicted upon farm property. At Edinburg the spire of the Methodist Church was blown down, crushing to death the parsonage, and a few miles south a son of farmer, Deming was killed through the center of the skull, and far north as Lafayette, a heavy rain violent, accompanied by high winds and almost continuous electrical display, several hours succeeding the passage of cyclone. The cyclone's fury was also near Lebanon, Ohio; the houses and barns and residents being demolished.

—A panic and panic caused on Wednesday at the New York Stock Exchange, Brooklyn being the chief object of the panic, was the main feature. For some time these rumors from Brooklyn excited this spot, but were put rapidly from this to the edge. Suddenly these rumors precipitated downward, and persons in rear were trampled on the victims that four deep. The cries, shrieks and wails of the throng were appalling, and in the night the clothing of hundreds of persons torn to shreds. Fifteen were killed and dozens were wounded.

—A cotton warehouse in New York

—Three men were drowned in trying to cross the Mississippi river in a canoe at Hoxley, Mich.

—An engine and thirteen cars went through a bridge at Stratford, Ont., on the Grand Trunk railroad. Two trainmen were instantly killed and a third was mortally hurt.

CRIMES AND CRIMINALS.

—Miriam Shellwies, of Cedar Hill, Jefferson county, N.Y., killed his sweetheart, his rival in love, and himself, a woman being the deadly weapon, with which the bloody work was accomplished.

—Miss Leona L. St. Louis wife-murderer, convicted four times, and on three occasions sentenced to death, has been granted a stay of execution.

—Ex-Mayor Robert H. Thicker, of Chicago, Ill., was garroted and robbed of \$160 to gold in the central part of that city. He was choked so he could not speak, and had both arms plunoned. Thacker never had such an open case of highway robbery in his life.

LATEST NEWS.

—A dredge containing nine passengers, while attempting to reach the steamer Elmer, ran ashore at Long Point, near Sandusky, Fla., killed in a freight boat. The dredge, Captain Simon Cutler, and Philip Preston (colored) were killed.

The boiler of Blackburn & Spader's mill, 56 laundry park, La., exploded, killing two men and wounding dangerous a sign man and two boys. The mill was blown to atoms.

—The explosion of a boiler in Turkey N. Soudak, a large mill, near East Saginaw, Mich., destroyed the mill, killing three men and fatally injuring two others.

—The Wiggins Ferry Company, of St. Louis has begun suit for \$90,000 damage against the Chicago and Alton Railway for breach of contract.

The recent defeat of a French revolutionizing party in Tonquin was followed by the massacre on the succeeding day of all the Frenchmen who had been captured.

—The Russians are alleged to have abandoned the system of terrorism hitherto pursued in Russia, and are said to be preparing for a series of coups d'etat and revolts in various parts of the empire.

—Several war vessels built at Kiel for the Chinese Government are to sail for that country soon, manned by German seamen, when they the vessels shall have been delivered to the purchasers, will take passage for home on board German men-of-war.

—The Chicago Daily News (Ind. Rep.) computes David Davis for Governor of Illinois.

—The Pennsylvania Senate adopted a joint resolution for the appointment of a committee to inquire into the relations of the Standard Oil Company to the State in the matter of taxation.

—The coinage of the various mints for May was \$4,721,300, of which \$2,556,000 was in standard dollars.

At a meeting of the Universal Peace Union, New York, Sarah J. Briggs said the committee sent by the Union to the Philadelphia peace convention had considerably influenced that body to abandon their warlike intentions.

A riot-storm of unusual violence occurred at Council Bluffs, Iowa, on the night of the 1st inst., flooding the streets, swelling the streams to torrents, and washing away railway cutovers and iron bridges. There were several persons drowned. The loss of property is placed at hundreds of thousands of dollars.

A celebration at Burlington, on the 1st of June, of the fiftieth anniversary of the settlement of Iowa passed off with all the success its organizers could have expected. The principal speaker was Gen. A. C. Dodge, whose address was followed with remarks by the Hon. A. G. Adams and Gen. W. W. Belknap.

Mrs. Phil D. Thompson publishes a statement in the Cincinnati papers to the effect that Walter Davis, whom her husband killed, was innocent of any wrong toward her.

In the election fraud cases at New Orleans, the jury returned a verdict of no guilty.

—Mrs. Susan E. Douglis, of Cumberland county, Pa., while playing, murdered her three children and herself.

Two colored murderers, John Bailey and Harry Winshaws, were executed at Milledgeville, Ga. At Oxford, N.C., Robert Henderson, white murderer, was hanged.

Six gambling-houses were raided at Wichita, Kan., and twenty-one inmates captured.

The sample of the iron manufacture of Pittsburgh in signing the rate of 18 cents being generally followed in the Ohio district, and there hence no probability any suspension of work at the rolling-mill plant it will materially reduce the price to the Bay View mills, near Milwaukee, closed last week, although the workers, who number nearly 1,500, were willing to continue at the wages of the last contract year. They will probably remain closed this summer.

THE MARKET.

NEW YORK.

BEEVES		\$ 4.72	@ 5.16
HOGS		7.30	@ 7.60
PORK—Superfine		1.12	@ 1.15
CORN—No. 2		1.24	@ 1.25
OATS—No. 2		1.24	@ 1.25
COAL—Mess		26.00	@ 26.50
LARD		23.00	@ 23.50

CHICAGO.

BEEVES—Good to Fancy Steers		6.50	@ 6.60
HOGS—Cows and Heifers		4.75	@ 5.00
Medium to Fat		4.75	@ 5.00
HOGS—No. 2 Red		1.15	@ 1.16
WHEAT—No. 2 Hard Winter		5.75	@ 5.82
GODD to Choice Sprd & Ex		5.50	@ 5.62
CORN—No. 2		.85	@ .86
COB—No. 2		.13	@ .14
BARLEY—No. 2		1.75	@ 1.80
RICE—No. 2		.19	@ .20
EGGS—Fresh		16.00	@ 16.50
LARD—Mess		11.00	@ 11.50

MILWAUKEE.

WORKING—No. 2		1.12	@ 1.15
CORN—No. 2		.85	@ .86
OATS—No. 2		.55	@ .56
WHEAT—No. 2		1.75	@ 1.80
BARLEY—No. 2		.19	@ .20
RICE—Mess		11.00	@ 11.50
LARD—Mess		11.00	@ 11.50

ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red		1.21	@ 1.22
CORN—Mixed		.40	@ .41
OATS—No. 2		.50	@ .51
WHEAT—No. 2		.19	@ .20
LARD—Mess		11.00	@ 11.50

CINCINNATI.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red		1.14	@ 1.15
CORN		.40	@ .41
OATS		.50	@ .51
RICE		.19	@ .20
LARD—Mess		11.00	@ 11.50

CLEVELAND.

WHEAT—No. 2 Red		1.14	@ 1.15
CORN		.40	@ .41
OATS—No. 2		.50	@ .51

DETROIT.

FLOUR		4.25	@ 4.30
CORN—No. 2		.85	@ .86
OATS—Mixed		.50	@ .51
WHEAT—No. 2		1.12	@ 1.15

INDIANAPOLIS.

WHEAT—No. 2		1.12	@ 1.15
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to the Railway Appliances, at Chicago, to be continued till June 23, in the great Exposition Building, including a large space under temporary cover, and occupying eleven acres of ground, is the greatest railway exhibition ever held in the world. Here are locomotives, cars, running-gear, interior furnishings, freight-car appliances, track tools, wood and iron working machinery, materials, oils, paints, valves, station and office appliances, pumps, water-treatment and street-railway appliances and a long list of miscellaneous goods employed in the railway service. Here may be seen the first locomotives built in this country in England, and the latest and best, showing the results of the inventive genius and experience of fifty years in railway locomotion. The leading manufacturers of the country here show their best work, inviting examination, comparison and criticism. A striking feature of the Exposition is the large display of massive machinery working with the greatest precision and the least possible friction. Here are single exhibit large and attractive enough to make the sight-seer feel amply repaid for the cost of his visit. But multiplied indefinitely, and varied in a thousand forms over an immense space, the whole constitutes a colossal exhibition of railway appliances, from the largest engine and locomotive to the railroad watch and conductor's punch.

An opportunity to see such a magnificent railway exhibition as this may not occur again in this century. It would be a great mistake to regard this exhibit as interesting mainly to railroad men. It has an interest of vast significance to the people, the products of whose labor turn the wheels of the locomotive. The value of their farms, their mills, their mines, their factories and their labor depend on the problem, how to make the best and cheapest railway service, which this Exposition is the first great public co-operative attempt to solve. And that the people, in whose true interests this Exposition is held, may see this magnificent display, the railroad companies have largely reduced their rates to all who visit it.

AN ALPHABETICAL STORY.

A B that could C far over D with great E's, F permitted to do so, tried one day to extract honey from a piece of G's liberally sprinkled with snuff. "Hoel Aitchoo!" sneezed the bee; "I would sooner see F and be, as the poet says, 'lappy and free and K,' than try to extract honey from snuff." So he buzzed to his home, a nice house with an L to it, where M (his wife) N all the little bees were, taking O, each also honey from the sweet P. The old wife arranged his Q and said: "You R a nice lot, ain't you?" The little bee, seeing the sarcasm, answered: "S, sir!" This put the old B in good humor, and he said he'd take some T with them; and then he said: "U may have this V for pin money, if you promise you won't go near the cucumber vines. Ther'll W up if you touch 'em." "Give us an X and we'll promise," said the little bee. "That would be as bad as the cucumbers," said the old B. "Y?" asked the little B. "Pshaw! can't you Z?" It would be doubling up!"

VALUE OF A PRETTY FACE.

Mrs. Bell, wife of Mr. Bell, of telephone fame, is a woman whose acquaintance is worth cultivating. She can say, with truth, "My face is my fortune, sir," and can also add that it is the cause of other people's fortunes. She is a beautiful woman, and Mr. Bell, falling in love with her pretty face, married her, although she was deaf and dumb. It was while experimenting with an audiphone for his wife's use that he discovered the principle of the telephone. Bell is now worth \$5,000,000. The leading portrait painter in Washington owes his success to a picture of Mrs. Bell. A portrait which he had painted and placed on exhibition attracted so much attention that the unknown artist suddenly became prominent, and orders poured in upon him until now he has more than he can fill.

TREASURE IS LYING IN THE UNITED STATES TREASURY more than \$10,000,000 of unclaimed money, interest and principal public debt, some of which date back to 1837.

A HAPPY WIFE.

"My dear husband, I never said so soundly as I do now, after using Dr. Cass' Nip-Bits." Sold by all druggists.

"Why is a young man like a kernel of corn?" "A young lion." "Because," said another, "he runs wild when he pops."

Lost Well to the Name.

The only genuine German Nip-Bits have this word "German" blown in the bottle. Sold by all druggists.

The mouthpiece of the telephone may be perfectly safe, because, there are a great many things said again & it.

Dyspepsia.

Dyspepsia and sick headache do not run down to look after the Great German Nip-Bits. Sold by all druggists.

A Louisville policeman has been discovered chewing his best at night, and the *Courier-Journal* says he must be a somewhat bullet.

Mrs. S. Saraparin is made of roots, herbs and bark—It cures lung fever, bronchitis, makes the weak strong. Sold by Druggists.

What is the difference between a thin child and a slightly plumped child? One clings to his ma and the other to his pear.

Persons recovering from wasting diseases, such as malaria, etc., etc., will be greatly benefited by the use of Brown's Iron Balm, a true tonic.

Abraham is supposed to have been a cold water swimmer when Adam had the first swimmer recorded.

Oregon, Ky.—Rev. J. N. Buck says: "I have cured Brown from Bittens, and cannot be one of the best-toned so." It takes the whole of his plectrum to form the knee-gear.

For comfort and convenience, combine

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THE AVALANCHE.

O. PALMER, Editor and Proprietor

Entered at the Post Office at Grayling, Mich., as second-class matter.

THURSDAY, June 7, 1883.

LOCAL ITEMS.

O, we are fast taking on city airs!
A number of cases of sore throats.
"Children's Day" Sabbath next.
Mr. Hadley's new residence is nearly ready for occupancy.
The frame of Lawyer W. J. Smith's residence looks in view.
Jas. Ball is erecting a residence in the northeastern portion of the city.
Quite a number of cases of measles still on the docket to be disposed of.
Grayling, at the rate she is now improving, won't know herself in a year hence.
A new coat of paint and a new fence makes Supervisor Connine's place look charming.
The fine residence being erected by Mr. N. Mickelson is nearly ready for occupancy.
Mr. J. B. Harrington set a number of fine maples in front of his residence last week.
Mr. Wm. Brink, who has been suffering with erysipelas in the face, is convalescent.
Miss Frank Stewart, of West Branch, Sunday in Grayling, the guest of Mrs. H. Brown.
The addition of the railing to the Grayling House beautifies the building to a great extent.
A new time schedule for the Mackinaw Division of the M. C. R. R. goes into effect Monday.
Mrs. Nicely, of Crawfordville, Ind., is in the city visiting her daughter, Mrs. M. J. Connine.
Mr. M. Doyle, line repairer for the R. R. Co. at this point, expects to move his family here this week.
C. F. Wright & Co., Tecumseh, Mich., say: "Brown's Iron Bitters is well spoken of almost every day."
Mr. and Mrs. Finn and Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Homer "sailed" down the Au Sable last Su—the other day.
Mr. Dayton Connine's residence, and the one being erected by Mr. Ormsby, are rapidly approaching completion.
The frame for a residence in the northern part of the city is to be seen, but we have not learned who is the owner.
Mrs. F. D. Robinson started Tuesday for a few days' visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Love, of Center Plains.
Geo. White, Ludington, Mich., says: "I was sick, had no appetite, and was unable to work. Brown's Iron Bitters cured me."
Dance Rumor says Mr. M. S. Hartwick has leased his hotel to a Mr. Wilds, and that Mr. W. takes possession June 15th.
We have not heard of any grayling fishing parties making their appearance yet, but understand there will be a few arrivals next week.
Mr. and Mrs. Henry Harrington, of Arden City, arrived in town yesterday, guests of their son and wife, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Harrington.
Masters' Troubadours held forth to a fair-sized audience at the opera house last Friday evening. They did not give as good satisfaction as on their first appearance.
Mr. and Mrs. Myron Salisbury, of Byron, Shiawassee county, this State, arrived in the city Friday night, and are guests of Mr. and Mrs. S. Cassimer. If prospects please they may locate permanently among us.
The cleaning up and burning of the rubbish just east of Merchant Finn's store makes a vast difference in the appearance of things in that vicinity. Let the good work go on in other portions of our beautiful little city.
Mr. N. Salling, of Manistee, is now behind the counters of Messrs. Salling, Hanson & Co.'s store. Mr. Salling's family are still in Manistee, but will remove to this city at no distant day. The AVALANCHE extends a hearty welcome.
Harry Clifton's "menagerie," billed to appear here Saturday and Monday evenings, gave us the "go-by." As they advertised to give a "free" show on Saturday evening giving a number of our citizens feel rather "blue," as they anticipated on being "able" to "take it in."
Mr. A. Maxwell was in the city Saturday. He was just returning from a business trip to Detroit and stopped over with us a day before returning to Mackinaw. Mr. Maxwell is giving splendid satisfaction in the management of the eating houses at Mackinaw and this station.
The citizens of Grayling and Crawford county will be pleased to know that the court house grounds are at last being adorned. Young maples have been set in and around the yard, the grounds fertilized, and other needful improvements carried out, as they should be.

To the Ladies: Subscribe for Mine, Demorest's Magazine. Call and look at sample copy. C. E. Strunk, Agt.
Mr. J. M. Blakeslee is the name of the gentlemanly "little" night agent at the depot. He's a right tiptop good fellow even if there isn't "much of him."
The winds gently whispers in our ears that David Shoppenevans and "Jimmy" Hargrave went down the Au Sable Tuesday and captured 60 grayling. Good boys!
Mr. Geo. A. Earle has taken the place of E. L. Davis as agent for the M. C. R. R. Co. at this station. He seems to be a pleasant sort of a "feller"—guess we'll all like him.
The first marble slab erected in the Grayling cemetery was put in place last week Friday (June 1, 1883), after noon by Mr. W. D. Jones at the head of the grave of his deceased wife.
Why don't the young men of Grayling organize a base ball club? We have the material that will "down" any club in the Northwestern League, and nuke those in the National League "scratch" to "git thar"—we guess.
"Little Tommy," the "Sweet Singer of Grayling," departed to "world unknown" one day last week. The afflicted family have the sympathy of the whole United Kingdom. Disturb not his slumber but let Tommy sleep. When he wakes in the other world he will again peep. "Little Tommy" was a darling pet, canary belonging to Mrs. Wm. A. Masters.
"Children's Day" will be observed at the school house on Sunday next. Sunday school will convene at 10 o'clock a. m. An interesting exercise will be added to the regular program. In the afternoon, at 2 o'clock, will be held a Memorial Service for Minnie Mickelson. All are kindly invited to attend.
Mr. E. L. Davis, who has been in charge of the freight and ticket offices of the M. C. R. R. Co. at this station for the past year, has resigned his position and goes to Washington Territory this week, prospecting. During his sojourn among us he made a friend of all with whom he came in contact, and they regret his departure. The AVALANCHE unites with his hosts of friends in wishing him a safe and pleasant journey and much prosperity. Here's our "go-by," E. L., good-by.
CORRESPONDENCE.
BEAVER CREEK.
June 5, 1883.
EDITOR AVALANCHE:
All crops look splendidly.
Planting finished or nearly so.
Supervisor James is able to be about again.
After July 1 our citizens will be favored with a daily mail.
Our township, last Saturday, unanimously voted to issue bonds to the amount of \$600 for the erection of a town house. Work will begin without delay.
Bids for the making of a new road east and west through the township will be opened on Saturday next and the contract let to the lowest bidder, if satisfactory. When complete it will be the third east and west road.
School in district No. 5, recently organized, began its first term yesterday with Mrs. Crosby as teacher.
Our worthy citizen, Mr. W. H. James, has eight acres of seedling—three acres with last year's oats, two acres with last fall's wheat, and the remainder this spring with oats—which is nearly if not just as good as can be found in Michigan.
Mr. Frank Crego, a short time ago contracted to dig a well for Mr. Crosby. He dug down 70 feet and finding no signs of water got discouraged and gave up the job. Tom Hanson was sent for to come and finish the job. He came, excavated a couple of feet more or less, found no signs, and therefore concluded he might dig in that spot a life-time and not strike water. He accordingly perished himself of a "witch-hazel," made some "soundings," and finally struck a spot about two rods from place of first excavation, where he warranted water at no greater depth than 45 feet. The 70-foot well was therefore filled up (together with 20 feet of boring), and work begun at the "warranted" spot. The "45 feet" has already been made fifty feet, and still no sign of water. Mr. Crosby is a poor but worthy citizen, and the course pursued by Mr. Hanson is loudly condemned. [Later, "Hanson, after all his Tomfoolery, has "jumped" the job.]
MARRIED.—On Monday, June 4th, 1883, at the residence of the bride's parents—by Rev. W. H. Janner, Mr. Joshua Safford and Miss Stella Annis, both of Beaver Creek.
CENTER PLAINS.
EDITOR AVALANCHE:
Considerable planting has been done in this vicinity. Some have sown oats and wheat, and are still planting potatoes.
Mr. Ira Curran has four acres of spring wheat and has planted 15 acres of corn.
Henry H. Kellögg wears a broad smile nowadays. On inquiry we find he is anticipating an inquiry to Dakota the last of this month.
Harry Martin's 3-year-old son has been very sick with measles, but is now convalescing.
Mr. G. W. Knowles is rapidly improving since he found he has a brand new grandson.

ATTENTION, ALL!
All ye who are interested in celebrating the coming Fourth of July will please convene at the opera house tomorrow evening for the purpose of appointing committees and making all other necessary preparations, if deemed best. Turn out in force and talk the matter over.
LIST OF LETTERS
Remaining uncalled for in the Post Office at Grayling, Mich., for the month ending May 31, 1883:
Baldwin, Mr. Lee
Deanne, Napoleon
Baronde, Mr. Johnny
Edinger, Miss Ione
Edinger, Miss Katie
Gagnon, Mons. Wilfred
Hamilton, Geo. W.
Hurd, Charles
Jennings, Mr. H. E.
Keeney, Esq. Ezek
Newberry, Mr. Charles
Ramsdell, Mr. Charles E. 2
Randall, Geo. W.
Shuard, Mr. Alfred
Saxton, Miss Mattie
Persons calling for the above please say "advertised."
WM. A. MASTERS, P. M.
NOTICE.
It has become evident that a more systematic control of the Grayling township cemetery is necessary. The records and accounts connected with the same have never been properly kept. Many persons claim title to cemetery lots where the records do not sustain any such title. The Board of Health are about to improve the grounds, correct the records as far as may be, appoint a sexton, and formulate a set of rules and regulations. Therefore, all persons who claim to own any lots in said cemetery, are notified to present proofs of such title at the office of the Supervisor on or before the evening of June 10th, 1883; otherwise, if no record to the contrary, all lots are to be offered for sale. By order of the BOARD OF HEALTH.
ROSCOMMON ITEMS.
Clipped from Bay City Tribune under date of June 4:
Nick Welch, a laborer from the woods, has been on a spree for several days, but failed to stop when he had a surfeit of benzine aboard and died with delirium tremens Friday evening. A week ago Saturday night the marshal, while walking along the railroad track, found a drunken man lying between the rails who proved to be a shoemaker of Roscommon. He was taken to his boarding place and left. Had the marshal been called in any other direction the man would undoubtedly have been run over by the night train.
A man by the name of McDermott, working on the Roscommon lumber company's road, fell between the cars yesterday and was killed, the train mangle his body in a horrible manner.
A couple of ladies had a narrow escape from being run over by the cars Saturday. They wanted to cross the track while the noon trains were switching and passing. The freight train stood on the side track and had only stopped long enough to shackle the cars together when the ladies ran through under the bumpers and by good luck had passed clear of the track when the train pulled out. Several men were waiting to pass but dared not think of attempting the feat. They involuntarily held their breath while the ladies were passing, expecting to see them fall and be killed.
One of the men employed on Blodgett & Byrnes' Higgins Lake farm could get nothing else to drink so he took a drink from a bottle of carbolic acid and alcohol, which was put up for disinfectant, and now he is not expected to live. Dr. Washington is in attendance but it is feared he was called too late, the poison having been taken two days ago.
A NARROW ESCAPE.
On Thursday evening John L. Kittle and Winfield Cramer started from Harmon to Mioce with a spring wagon, and for about three-fourths of a mile had to pass through a dry pinery which was burning fiercely. Pulling timber had obstructed the road, and they went on through the fire lifting the wagon over logs, when it broke down. Trees were falling around them in all directions and across their path, and the heat and smoke rendered it unsafe to stop for repairs, so they cut the team loose from the wagon and ran for their lives. Looking back through the fire they saw George Helmer, the Indian Lake merchant, riding over the fallen timber at a break-neck pace in a skeleton buggy. The men and horses arrived at Mioce safely and the buggy came in minus about one-third of its spokes. Mr. Kittle says no amount of wealth would induce him to repeat the trip.—Northern Mail.

SWARTHOUT & SMITH,
Real Estate & Insurance
AGENCY
Two houses and nine lots on Cedar street; two houses and three lots on Penhallow avenue; two houses and five lots, and two store lots on Michigan Avenue, for sale.
Over 8,000 acres of pine lands and 400 acres of farming lands, improved, for sale.
We represent more Companies than any Agency in Northern Michigan and insure at lower rates.
Agents for Roffee's addition to Grayling.
Money to loan on good security.
Swarthout & Smith.
FOR
JOB PRINTING
Of All Kinds, go to the
AVALANCHE OFFICE
LETTER HEADS,
NOTE HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
BUSINESS CARDS,
CALLING CARDS,
Posters,
Envelopes,
Invitations, Etc.,
Printed with Neatness and Dispatch.
PRICES REASONABLE.
GIVE US A CALL AND BE CONVINCED.
PROBATE NOTICE.—State of Michigan—County of Crawford—
At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Crawford, held at the Probate Office in the village of Grayling on Saturday the twenty-sixth day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three.
Present, Adelbert Taylor, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the Estate of John Costello, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified of Richard Costello, praying that the residue of said estate may be assigned to him, and that said residue be divided among his children, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, to be held at the Probate Office in the village of Grayling, on the 30th day of June, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to answer to the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, to be held at the Probate Office in the village of Grayling, on the 30th day of June, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to answer to the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, to be held at the Probate Office in the village of Grayling, on the 30th day of June, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to answer to the hearing of said petition.
[A true copy]
ADELBERT TAYLOR,
Judge of Probate.
NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.
Land Office at East Saginaw.
Notice is hereby given that the following named section has been filed for sale in the village of Grayling on the 26th day of May, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-three.
Section 17, Township 35 North, Range 18 East, 3rd Meridian, Crawford County, Mich., at Grayling, on the 18th day of July, 1883, viz: Daniel S. Walden, of Crawford Co., Mich., for the sec. 17 of sec. 35, tp. 35 N., R. 18 E.
In the matter of the estate of Jeremiah Joseph Bosler, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified of Daniel F. Bosler, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate.
Therefore it is ordered that Saturday, the 30th day of June next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, to be held at the Probate Office in the village of Grayling, on the 30th day of June, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to answer to the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, to be held at the Probate Office in the village of Grayling, on the 30th day of June, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to answer to the hearing of said petition.
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[A true copy]
ADELBERT TAYLOR,
Judge of Probate.

Salling, Hanson & Co.
—DEALERS IN—
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
FEED, HAY,
And all other Goods used by Lumbermen and the Public in general, at
WHOLESALE and RETAIL.
—O—
DRY GOODS.
CLOTHING.
FURNISHING GOODS.
HATS AND CAPS.
BOOTS AND SHOES.
HARDWARE.
STOVES and TINWARE,
CROCKERY and GLASSWARE,
Doors, Sash, Mouldings, Brick, Lime,
AND OTHER
BUILDING MATERIAL.
—O—
MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Lumber, Lath
and Shingles.
—O—
Bills Cut to Order on Short Notice.
—O—
LONG NORWAY TIMBER A SPECIALTY.
THE BEST WAGON
—ON WHEELS—
IS MANUFACTURED BY
FISH BROS. & CO.,
RACINE, WIS.
WE MAKE EVERY VARIETY OF
FARM, FREIGHT AND SPRING WAGONS,
And by confining ourselves strictly to one class of work, by employing none but the BEST OF WORKMEN, using nothing but First-Class Improved Machinery and the Very Best of Selected Timber, and by a Thorough Knowledge of the business, we have justly earned the reputation of making
"The Best wagon on Wheels."
Manufacturers have abolished the warranty, but agents may, on their own responsibility, give the following warranty with each wagon, if so agreed: "We hereby warrant the Fish Bros. Wagon No. — to be well made in every particular and to be of good material, and that the strength of the same is sufficient for all work with fair usage. Should any breakage occur within one year from this date by reason of defective material or workmanship, repairs for the same will be furnished at piece-of-sale price, free of charge, or the price of said repairs, as per agent's price list, will be paid in cash by the purchaser producing a sample of the broken or defective parts as evidence." Knowing we can suit you, we solicit patronage from every section of the United States. Send for Price and Terms, and for a copy of the *Avalanche*, if desired, to
FISH BROS. & CO., Racine, Wis.